Welcome to History 11
Political & Social History of the United States I
Prof. Valadez
Topics

• Review: Columbus & The Rise of the Atlantic World
• European Explorations and Settlements: Spanish, French, English (Jamestown to Plymouth)
• European-Indian Relations
• Quiz 1 (10 questions) Thursday
The Rise of the Atlantic World
1400-1625

• *The "New Slavery" and Racism*
  • The Portuguese entered the slave trade in the mid-15\textsuperscript{th} century
  • Strong connection between the growth of sugar industry and the rise of this new slavery.
  • Slavery exists in West Africa before Europeans arrive; not based on racial difference
The Requirement 1517

• Is this a primary source or secondary source?
• What does this document say about European society and hierarchy?
• What are the Europeans communicating to the natives? What are the Europeans asking the natives to do? What are the consequences if the natives do not obey?
As European adventurers traversed the world in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, they initiated the “Columbian Exchange” of plants, animals, and diseases. These events changed the lives of the peoples of the world forever, bringing new foods and new pestilence to both sides of the Atlantic.
Motives for European Settlements

• Economic
• Religious
• Adventure
• Forced Migration
Spanish Colonization

• 1492 Columbus lands on San Salvador (Watling Island)
• In 1493, on Columbus 2nd voyage, the first island-town was called Isabella. It failed completely (1496)
• The first successful settlement took place in Santo Domingo in 1502.
• **Encomienda**: Spanish institution, which forced natives to work for the Spanish in mines or on plantations
• 1520 10,000 Spanish in the Caribbean
• 1521 Conquest of the Aztec Empire & New Spain
Spanish Colonies

• Spanish Model: search for gold and slaves
  – Monarch tight control of colony
  – Few European women, multiracial population
  – Indians have a place in society
  – Mission
• 1521 Juan Ponce de Leon, Florida
• Cabeza de Vaca, New Mexico
• 1565, Spain founds first successful settlement on mainland future United States—St. Augustine, Florida
• 1570 Ajacan Mission in Virginia: failed colony
• 1598, Spain starts royal colony of New Mexico
French Exploration & Settlements

• In 1608, Samuel de Champlain founds New France at Quebec
• French carry on lucrative fur trading with Indians
• French have better relations with Native Americans
• French understand the native custom of reciprocity
• French settlements smaller than Spanish
English Exploration & Settlements

- English government no interest in financing colonies: Joint-Stock Company
- 1587, Sir Walter Raleigh sponsors colony on Roanoke Island; colonists disappear, John White
- 1588, defeat of Spanish Armada establishes England as major Atlantic power
- In 1607 Virginia Company of London receives charter from King James I and establish Jamestown
- John Smith and Pocahontas
- Dales' Code: John Rolfe's tobacco
- Indentured servants
- 1619: 20 Africans arrive and House of Burgess
- 1622 Massacre