Geography 7 World Regional Geography  
Los Angeles Harbor College  
Spring 2009  
Teacher Pathway Program  
Dr. Melanie P. Renfrew

Geography 7 is an opportunity to ‘tour’ the world in a semester! For each region, we examine physical geography, population distribution, how people make a living (economic activities), language and religious groupings, and possibly, “geopolitical issues” (the term for regional arguing over “turf”).


**Required Materials:** 10 Form 883 Scantrons (have matching and completion on back), pencils, eraser, 24-pack colored pencils, portable pencil sharpener to contain the shavings. Bring these & book to class.

Messages: renfremp@lahc.edu (please i.d. your name & Geog 7 in the subject line), 310-233-4557. For office hours, I usually meet with students before or after class (MW 12:35-1:35 NEA 218; MW 4:45-5:15 NEA 109), but TuTh Teacher Pathway students are welcome to set up an appointment, and I will try to come early and stay afterward if you would like to meet with me privately.

**Course topics and Required Reading:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>United States and Canada – Chapter 10</th>
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| Overview of Physical and Human Geography  
Chapters 1-2 |
| Europe  
Study Chapter 3 |
| Russia and the “Near Abroad”  
(former USSR republics)  
Study Chapter 4 |
| Middle East, North Africa  
Study Chapter 5 |
| Monsoon Asia  
Study Chapter 6 |
| Pacific World  
Chapter 7 Overview only |
| Africa South of the Sahara  
Study Chapter 8 |
| Latin America  
Study Chapter 9 |
| Review  
World comparisons – Chapters 1-2 |

**Tentative Test Schedule, Record of scores**

- Test 1 – U.S. & Canada: April 21  
  Points, grade:
- Test 2 - Overview: April 28  
  Points, grade:
- Europe: Map Apr. 30, Test 3 –May 7  
  Points, grade:
- Russia: Map May 12, Test 4 –May 14  
  Points, grade:
- ME/NA: Map May 19, Test 5 –May 26  
  Points, grade:
- Asia: Map May 28, Test 6 –June 4  
  Points, grade:
- Pacific: Map +Test 7 –June 11  
  Points, grade:
- Africa: Map June 11, Test 8 –June 18  
  Points, grade:
- Latin America: Map June 23  
  Final: Lat. Am.+ Review – July 2

**Grading:**

- **Distribution:** 90-100% = A, 80-89% = B, 67-79% = C, 60-66% = D, ≤ 59% = F.
- **Approximate** Point total - 350: Tests, Quizzes, and Final Exam = approximately 300; Class map activities and homework = approximately 50 points.
- Map quizzes will use the backs of 883 Scantrons, which have 15 possible matching choices. Tests will have multiple choice, matching, and completion using the same Scantrons, and possible essays.
- If you are on the border between two grades, I consider your attendance, respect, and effort shown in class activities, and by improvement on tests. Please turn off cell phones before class; no walking in and out of class to answer cell phones, no text messaging.
**Student Learning Outcomes:** After completion of this class, you should be able to:

1. For each world region, locate and identify major physical features (climates, biomes, rivers, mountain ranges, peninsulas, seas, islands, seas), countries, major cities, and spatial patterns of population, economic activities, and cultural features (patterns of languages and religions).
2. Contrast regional economic activities in extractive (1), industrial (2), service (3), and information processing (4) sectors to gain an overview of the global economy.
3. Compare factors and generalizations about economic and social development of More Developed Countries (MDC's) with Less Developed Countries (LDC's).
4. Compare capitalism and communism as major economic systems, and some geographical effects.
5. Identify patterns of stereotyping, and errors called the fallacy of composition and fallacy of reduction.
6. Along with LAHC campus goals, “demonstrate flexibility, tolerance, and respect for diverse cultures.”
7. It is intangible, but one of my goals is to create empathy and understanding for the people groups on Earth. In every one of the 30+ countries I have lived or traveled in, I have found people who are generous, loving, and kind. People will generally respond to us as we treat them, and our attitudes affect how we act. Travel and friendships in different cultures are fun, and can bring us great joy.

**Levels and examples of economic activities:** For each region, pay attention to how people make a living, that is, economic activities which provide jobs, what they grow, make, and do. They are like us.

1. **Primary economic activities** involve extraction of natural resources (specific food or cash crops, types of farming, minerals, fishing, logging). Some of these are raw materials for
2. **Secondary** activity is manufacturing into finished products (e.g., iron into steel, and then with plastics, upholstery and other materials into Volkswagen automobiles; cacao [cocoa] beans, milk, and sugar into Swiss chocolate). We think of this as “industry,” factories, machines, but the word itself originally meant, “to make by hand” (manu-facture).
3. **Tertiary** activities involve the distribution of goods and services, the “service sector,” which includes trade, sales, transportation, communication, government, medical, financial, legal, and other services, recreation, education, etc.
4. **Quaternary** activities have to do with information processing: the high-technology management of “data” (facts, information), and includes advanced computer processing, research and development (“R & D”), and silicon chip production.

**Success in Geography 7:** Geography can be fun if you try! As you read the textbook, pretend you are traveling to these regions. Plan on 6 hours a week of reading and map study time if you want to get an A. For each region, remember to study maps of population distribution, climates and biomes (vegetation), and ‘Affluence and Poverty’ (map on page 33 of Per Capita GDP). By the end, you’ll be able to compare regions, and see how physical geography influences human geography.

As we watch video segments, watch the people’s expressions, and think about their families, jobs, and what is important to them. How do they survive? How do they make use of the land, and interact with others in their region? Are we connected with them? L.A. is like a microcosm of the world, and many of our neighbors come from these countries.

Earth is a great place! It's fascinating.